Reasoning for Micro Space utility of Sand Box Geometry Curved Space Division Assembly (**CSDA**) parametric central force field constructions.



Figure 1: macro space CSDA and G-field space-time square

After years of working with macro space CSDA, I became aware the dependent (N) parabola curve vertex marks the intersection of  $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  spin axis (independent part of CSDA domain central force origin) with the curved space directrix produced becoming dependent part of CSDA external range.

I first considered micro space construction analytics, by construction I refer to a possible parametric standard model of *nuclear* energy curves fall 2010. Could an <u>internal</u> dependent parabola curve be constructed within the independent system, vertex  $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  spin axis within the boundary separating our two infinities, both legs planted firmly on macro space accretion plane of the G-field within bounded circumference of potential; providing missing gateway to G-field M<sub>1</sub>



Figure 2: micro CSDA with nuclear space-time square and latent heat red colinear collection (A, B, C, E, D) needed for phase transitioning solid, liquid, and gas.

connectivity to grow gravity phenomenon?

Nuclear standard models begin with the dependent curve placed within the independent system  $\mathcal{Q}\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  spin axis. Analytic geometry will provide focus, latus rectum, discover neighborhood of (p), designating where to lay our unity tangent and unity tangent normal, and make clear probable construction of the energy shape of our nuclear curved space using lines and curves of our second-degree, square space, central force parametric geometry.

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